## IN THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the instant application. The present status of each claim is indicated in parentheses following the claim number. An instruction line precedes each claim that is amended, cancelled, or added by the instant paper.

Please cancel claims 1 - 18.

1-18. (CANCELLED)

## Please amend claim 19 as follows:

- 19. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for treating a viral infection, which comprises administering to a subject an effective amount of a primary herbal composition which comprises:
  - (a) an extract from the leaves or seed of Sesbania

    aegyptiaca (sesban) in an amount of about 6% by

    weight; and
  - (b) at least one additional herbal(1) an extract selected from of the group consisting of seed of

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- Nigella sativa; in an amount of about 23% by weight;
- (2) an extract of the shoot of Cichorium intybus (pumilum) in an amount of about 6% by weight;
- (3) an extract of the whole plant of Cymbopogon proximus, in an amount of about 7% by weight;
- (4) an extract of the rhizome of Hemidesmus indicus, in an amount of about 2% by weight;
- (5) an extract of the leaves of Solenostema argel, in an amount of about 4% by weight;
- (6) an extract of the rhizome of Rheum

  officinale, in an amount of about 2% by weight;

  and
- (7) an extract of the fruit of Ecballium

  elaterium. in an amount of about 0.5% by

  weight; and
- in an amount of about 24% by weight;

- (2) an extract of the shoot of Centaurium

  erythrae (spicatum or pulchellum) in an amount

  of about 11% by weight;
- (3) an extract of the flowers, leaves or stem of

  Cynara cardunculus var scolymus in an amount of about 7% by weight;
- (4) an extract of the root of Inula helenium

  (viscosa) in an amount of about 6% by weight;

  and
- (5) an extract of the seed of Cuminum cyminum in an amount of about 2% by weight,

wherein the viral infection is selected from the group consisting of hepatitis B virus infection, hepatitis C virus infection, and a combined hepatitis B virus and hepatitis C virus infection.

Please cancel claim 20.

20. (CANCELLED)

Please amend claim 21 as follows:

- 21. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 19, wherein the subject is a mammalmammal.
- 22. (ORIGINAL) The method according to claim 21, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) The method according to claim 19, wherein the subject is in the need of such treatment.

Please cancel claims 24 - 33.

24-33 (CANCELLED)

## Please add claim 34 as follows:

- 34. (NEW) A method for treating a viral infection, which comprises administering to a subject an effective amount of a primary herbal composition selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) (1) an extract from the leaves or seed of Sesbania aegyptiaca (sesban) in an amount of about 6% by weight;

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(2) an extract of the seed of Nigella sativa in an amount of about 23% by weight;

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- (3) an extract of the shoot of Cichorium intybus (pumilum) in an amount of about 6% by weight;
- (4) an extract of the whole plant of Cymbopogon proximus in an amount of about 7% by weight; and
- (5) an extract of the rhizome of Hemidesmus indicus in an amount of about 2% by weight;
- (6) an extract of the leaves of Solenostema argel in an amount of about 4% by weight;
- (7) an extract of the rhizome of Rheum officinale in an amount of about 2% by weight;
- (8) an extract of the seed of Foeniculum vulgare in an amount of about 24% by weight;
- (9) an extract of the shoot of Centaurium erythrae (spicatum or pulchellum) in an amount of about 11% by weight;
- (10) an extract of the flowers, leaves or stem of Cynara cardunculus var scolymus in an amount of about 7% by weight;

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- (11) an extract of the root of Inula helenium
   (viscosa) in an amount of about 6% by weight;
   and
- (12) an extract of the seed of Cuminum cyminum in an amount of about 2% by weight;
- (b)(1) an extract of the fruit of Ecballium
   elaterium in an amount of about 0.5% by weight;
   and
- (c) a combination of (a) and (b),

wherein the viral infection is selected from the group consisting of hepatitis B virus infection, hepatitis C virus infection, and a combined hepatitis B virus and hepatitis C virus infection.

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